# AURO

	Description Hazardous ingredients					
	Description					
3.2						
	Mixtures					
SF		n/information on ingredients.				
		ixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, ann	nex XIII.			
2.3	EUH210 Other hazards	Safety data sheet available on request.				
		etc., obtained from Rosmarinus officinalis, Labiatae May prod				
	EUH208	Contains Orange, sweet, ext., Extractives and their physically n concretes, absolutes, essential oils, oleoresins, terpenes, terpe	noained derivatives such as tinctures, ene-free fractions, distillates, residues			
	Supplemental hazard in		nodified derivatives such as tisstance			
	not applicable					
	Hazard components for labelling					
	not applicable					
	Precautionary statemer	ıts				
	not applicable					
	Hazard statements					
	not applicable	Signal word				
	not applicable					
	Hazard pictograms					
	Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]					
.2	Label elements		1.			
		as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP	וכ			
••		Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]				
.1						
SF	Only available during offi CTION 2: Hazards ide					
	Emergency telephone nu					
.4	Emergency telephone r	umber				
	E-mail (competent perso					
	Department responsible					
	Germany	E-mail: info@auro.de Website: www.auro.de				
	38122 Braunschweig	Telefax: +49 531 28141-72				
	Alte Frankfurter Straße 2					
	Supplier AURO Pflanzenchemie A	<u>C</u>				
1.3		Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
· ~	Cleaning agent					
	Relevant identified use	3				
.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
_	6570000	Linoleum care				
	Trade name/designatio					
.1	Product identifier					
		n of the substance/mixture and of the company/underta	akiiig			
	OTION As Islandificantia	a state a sub-state a los baterios and state a sub-state device device	a babas as			
		Revision date 12-Feb-2024	Print date 07-Mar-2			

**REACH No.** 

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No.

Index No.

weight-%

# AURO

6570000 Version 2.0		Linoleum care Revision date 12-Feb-2024	rint date 07-Mar-2024	
	8028-48-6 232-433-8 -	Orange, sweet, ext. 01-2119493353-35-0003 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 ATE (oral): > 5,000 mg/kg ATE (oral): > 5,000 mg/kg	0,300 < 0,500	
	84604-14-8 283-291-9 -	Extractives and their physically modified derivatives such as tinctures, concretes, absolutes, essential oils, oleoresins, terpenes, terpene-free fractions, distillates, residues etc., obtained from Rosmarinus officinalis, Labiatae. 01-2120086955-39 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Sens. 1B H317 / Eye Irrit. 2 H315 / STOT SE 2 H371 / Aquatic Chronic 2 H411		
	3811-73-2 223-296-5 -	Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt   01-2119493385-28   Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2A H319 / Acute Tox. 4   H332 / Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M = 100,00 ) / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M = 10,00 )   ATE (oral): = 1,208 mg/kg bw   ATE (inhalative): = 1.08 mg/m³ (4 h)   ATE (dermal): = 2,000 mg/kg bw	< 0,025	

#### Remark

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16.Full text of H-phrases: see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

#### **Following inhalation**

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

#### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

#### Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Symptoms

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Powder, spray mist, (water) Unsuitable extinguishing media

Strong water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.



6570000	Linoleum care
Version 2.0	Revision date 12-Feb-2024

Print date 07-Mar-2024

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13).

#### For cleaning up

Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8 Disposal: see section 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Advices on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Avoid respiration of swarf. Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

#### Advices on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Storage class LGK12 - non-combustible liquids that cannot be assigned to any of the above storage classes

#### Further information on storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limit values

No data available

#### **Biological limit values**

No data available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. **Personal protection equipment** 

#### reisonal protection equipi

### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Hand protection

Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber) Thickness of the glove material >= 0.4 mm Breakthrough time >= 480 min



6570000 Linoleum care Version 2.0 Revision date 12-Feb-2024 Print date 07-Mar-2024 For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles: EN ISO 374 Skin protection Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact. Eye/face protection Eye glasses with side protection: EN 166 **Body protection** When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn. Environmental exposure controls Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state Liquid Colour refer to label Odour characteristic pН 9.3 Melting point/freezing point not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range not determined Flash point not determined flammability not applicable Lower explosion limit at 20°C not determined Upper explosion limit at 20°C not determined Vapour pressure at 20°C 22.967 mbar Relative vapour density not applicable Density at 20 °C 1.0 kg/l Water solubility at 20°C practically insoluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water see section 12 Ignition temperature in °C not determined Decomposition temperature not determined < 135 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity at 20 °C:

#### 9.2 Other information

not applicable

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

No further relevant information available.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products



6570000Linoleum careVersion 2.0Revision date 12-Feb-2024

Print date 07-Mar-2024

 Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures e.g.: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, smoke.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# \* Orange, sweet, ext.

- LD50: oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
- \* LD50: oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

#### \* Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt

- LD50: oral (Rat): = 1,208 mg/kg bw
- LC50: inhalative (Rat): = 1.08 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (4 h)
- LD50: dermal (Rat): = 2,000 mg/kg bw

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Overall assessment on CMR properties

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: Headache, Dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, Dizziness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

#### **11.2** Information on other hazards

#### \* Endocrine disrupting properties

\* This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute (short-term) fish toxicity

#### \* Orange, sweet, ext.

LC50: (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): = 0.7 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203

#### Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt

 \* LC50: (Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)): = 0.007 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203

#### Acute (short-term) toxicity to algae and cyanobacteria

#### \* Orange, sweet, ext.

ErC50: (Desmodesmus subspicatus): = 150 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201

#### Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt



Print date 07-Mar-2024

6570 Versi	000 on 2.0	Linoleum care Revision date 12-Feb-2024	Print date 07-Mar-20	
*	NOEC (Selenastrum of Method: OECD 201	capricornutum): = 0.08 mg/L (72 h)		
*	EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum): = 0.46 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201			
	Acute (short-term) to	oxicity to crustacea		
÷	Orange, sweet, ext. EC50 (Daphnia magna Method: OECD 202	a (Big water flea)): = 0.67 mg/L (48 h)		
*	<b>Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxi</b> EC50 (Daphnia magna Method: OECD 202	<b>ide, sodium salt</b> a (Big water flea)): = 0.022 mg/L (48 h)		
12.2	Persistence and deg	radability		
*	<b>Orange, sweet, ext.</b> Biodegradation = 72 %	% (28 d )		
12.3	Bioaccumulative pot	tential		
*	Partition coefficient: n-	-octanol/water >= 4 (Orange, sweet, ext.)		
¢	Partition coefficient: n-	-octanol/water = 0 (Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt)		
12.4	Mobility in soil			
	No information availab	ble.		
12.5	Results of PBT and v	vPvB assessment		
	The substances in the	e mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH,	annex XIII.	
12.6*	Endocrine disrupting	g properties		
	No information availab			
12.7	Other adverse effects	-		
	No information availab	ble.		
SEC	CTION 13: Disposal	I considerations		
13.1	Waste treatment met	thods		
	Product/Packaging d	disposal		
	Do not empty into drai EC, covering waste ar	ins; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. Wastend dangerous waste.	e disposal according to directive 2008/98/	
	Waste codes/waste o	designations according to EWC/AVV		
	200129* - Detergents	containing hazardous substances		
	Other disposal recor	nmendations		
	Non-contaminated page	ckages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are specia	l waste.	
SEC	CTION 14: Transpor	rt information		
14.1	UN number or ID nur	mber		
	not applicable			
14.2	UN proper shipping	name		
	Land transport (ADR	R/RID)		
	No dangerous good in sense of these transport regulations.			
	Sea transport (IMDG)			
		sense of these transport regulations.		
	Air transport (ICAO-1	TI / IATA-DGR)		
	No dangerous good in	sense of these transport regulations.		
14.3	Transport hazard cla	ass(es)		
	not applicable			
14.4	Packing group			
	not applicable			
14.5	Environmental hazar	rds		
	Land transport (ADR/F	RID) not applicable		
	Sea transport (IMDG)	not applicable		

not applicable

Sea transport (IMDG)



6570000 Varian 2.0	Linoleum care
Version 2.0	Revision date 12-Feb-2024

Print date 07-Mar-2024

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage. Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according to IBC Code.

#### 14.8 Additional information

Land transport (ADR/RID) not applicable Sea transport (IMDG) not applicable Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU legislation

#### **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

# Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC value: 9 g/l

# Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive] Hazard categories / Named dangerous substances

This product is not classified according to Directive 2012/18/EU.

#### National regulations

Observe in addition any national regulations!

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

	REACH No.	Substance name	CAS No. EC No.
*	01-2120086955-39	Extractives and their physically modified derivatives such as tinctures, concretes, absolutes, essential oils, oleoresins, terpenes, terpene-free fractions, distillates, residues, etc., obtained from Rosmarinus officinalis, Labiatae.	84604-14-8 283-291-9
*	01-2119493353-35-0003	Orange, sweet, ext.	8028-48-6 232-433-8
*	01-2119493385-28	Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	3811-73-2 223-296-5

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements from sections 2 to 15

	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
*	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	H371	May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
*	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Classification for mixtur	es and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]



6570000 Linoleum care Version 2.0 Revision date 12-Feb-2024 Print date 07-Mar-2024 not applicable Abbreviations and acronyms ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road **OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit Value BLV: Biological limit values** CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic DIN: German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level EAKV: European Waste Catalogue Directive EC: Effective Concentration EC: European Community EN: European Standard IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association - Dangerous Goods Regulations IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk ICAO-TI: International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air IMDG Code: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO: International Organization for Standardization LC: Lethal Concentration LD: Lethal Dose MWC: Maximum wokplace concentration MARPOL: Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships OECD: Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN: United Nations VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative Indication of changes \* Data changed compared with the previous version.